James, the author of the Book of James, believed to be a younger brother of Jesus, one of Mary’s son’s with Joseph, was the Pastor of the early period of the Church at Jerusalem.

Writing about James, the brother of Jesus, as he became known according to custom after the death of Jesus, Authors Hershel Shanks and Ben Witherington III,¹ state “…James became one of the most important leaders of the emerging Christian community following the crucifixion of Jesus and the dispersion of the Twelve. Although James does not seem to have been a follower of Jesus during Jesus’ lifetime, it is recorded in the New Testament that the resurrected Jesus nevertheless appeared to James (1 Corinthians 15:6). Furthermore, three years after his conversion on the road to Damascus, Paul traveled to Jerusalem, where, he tells us, he ‘saw none of the apostles except James, the Lord's brother.’ (Galatians 1:19).”

James was one of the most common names in the early-Church period, much like John, Jim or William (Bill) is to the generation of which I was born. According to the authors of THE BROTHER OF JESUS,¹ “…be careful not to confuse ‘James the Lord’s brother’ with other people named James in the New Testament. Two of the Twelve are also named James – James the son of Zebedee and James the son of Alphæus…There are also several other Jameses, too, and it is not always clear which one is being referred to…Quoting the second-century Hegesippus…James was the first bishop of Jerusalem.”

So James became a Pastor, head of the Jerusalem Church. As you read the book of James, you get the sense of his pastoral heart. In the first four chapters, he exhorts, encourages and teaches the Jewish-born Christians. Typical of the pastor’s heart, faith, patience, love and Christian service are all part of the ministry. But the first six verses of Chapter Five quickly stand out as an Anomaly. They leap off of the page like the words of an Old Testament Prophet, filled with fire and judgment. Then, just as quickly as the abnormality occurs, beginning with verse seven, James suddenly returns to his gentle and pastoral character for the remainder of the book. The first six verses of Chapter Five appear as a glitch, totally out of sync with the rest of the Book of James.

Did James just have a moment of inconsistency in his message? Or did the Holy Spirit move upon him to insert, like the lost piece of an ancient puzzle, the revelation of an important pre-rapture event spoken of through various Old Testament Prophets? I believe, as we study this out together, you will see James 5:1-6 a vital connective scripture unveiling what we now have come to know as “the Day of Jehovah Tsaba.”

In this setting, we will show you the relationship between James’ prophetic outburst and current conditions within the world at this very moment.

James 5:1-6 KJV “Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl for your miseries that shall come upon you. (2) Your riches are corrupted, and your garments are moth-eaten. (3) Your gold and silver is cankered; and the rust of them shall be a witness against you, and shall eat your flesh as it were fire. Ye have heaped treasure together for the last days. (4) Behold, the hire of the labourers who have reaped down your fields, which is of you kept back by fraud, crieth: and the cries of them which have reaped are entered into the ears of the Lord of sabaoth. (5) Ye have lived in pleasure on the earth, and been wanton; ye have nourished your hearts, as in a day of slaughter. (6) Ye have condemned and killed the just; and he doth not resist you.”

Notice that he is not speaking of a rich man, per se, rather of an organized financial cartel. This is evidenced by the words of James 5:3, “Ye have heaped treasure together for the last days.” In the Greek, the word is θησαυρίζωthēsarizō thay-sow-rid’-zo; to amass or reserve (literally or figuratively): - lay up (treasure), (keep) in store, (heap) treasure (together, up), From; θησαυρόςthēsauros thay-sow-ros; a deposit, that is, wealth (literally or figuratively): - treasure, From; θεόtheō (which is used only as an alternate in certain tenses); to place (in the widest application, literally and figuratively; properly in a passive or horizontal posture).

Using the Greek word definition for the James 5:3 phrase, we understand this to be, in our language of today, a world-wide (else it could not have universal significance to the Church) financial cartel. Our definition speaks of “amassing financial reserves,” “keeping in store,” “a deposit of wealth, in a “passive or horizontal position.”

For The Last Days

Once of the most pertinent portions of our verse is at the very end of the James 5:3 phrase, “Ye have heaped treasure together for the last days.” This term is unique in New Testament writing in that it is only used to express the end of an era or dispensation of time. Jamieson, Fausset & Brown Commentary renders it, “Ye have heaped together...against the last
days, namely, the coming judgment of the Lord. The same Greek word is used for the other expression in New Testament scripture speaking of the end of this dispensation. It is not used as the end of the span of a man’s life, rather, the end of the age of mankind as a whole; namely the end of the dispensation of time. Thayer’s Greek English Lexicon states concerning this phrase, “used substantively in phrases, of the time immediately preceding Christ’s return from heaven and the consummation of the divine kingdom.” The super-rich powers spoken of while heaping up treasures for themselves, were actually hoarding them with God’s eye upon them to be used to reconcile their abuse through a distribution to His Church at the very end of this age. Its purpose revealed in Jam 5:7-8 KJV “Be patient therefore, brethren, unto the coming of the Lord. Behold, the husbandman waiteth for the precious fruit of the earth, and hath long patience for it, until he receive the early and latter rain. (8) Be ye also patient; stablish your hearts: for the coming of the Lord draweth nigh.” It would be restored to be used to usher in the great final harvest of souls into the kingdom of God at the time period immediately prior to the coming of the Lord as suggested by the Greek word used in James’ “in the last days” phrase.

The Cry Of The Wages Of The Laborers – Fraud!

As we go deeply in this Chapter into the current world-wide reality of this matter, you will see this scripture literally unfold before your very eyes. You will be amazed that society, including nations and their governments, have allowed such a thing to occur.

Blood, Money & Greed

In his book, BLOOD, MONEY & GREED, Cliff Ford, former host and co-anchor of the widely acclaimed, International Intelligence Briefing television program sponsored by Trinity Broadcasting Network, unveiled what he termed a “money trust conspiracy.” In fascinating detail we are taken into the history of how the collective gold, silver and natural resources of the world were siphoned from every echelon of the world’s labor force, from blue color workers...
to the top executives of the fortune 500 companies, and brought under the complete control and possession of a financial cartel. A few super-wealthy families now control all of the nations of the world, holding them under their economic and financial claws. A few excerpts from Cliff Ford’s book is capable of identifying in current times what James prophesied in the first six verses of the fifth chapter of James.

Cliff Ford writes, “One would assume that once money was invented, the concept of banking evolved as a method of handling that money. In reality, banking came first. Money was an invention of banking! The invention of banking preceded that of coinage, or money. Banking originated in Ancient Mesopotamia where the royal palaces and temples provided secure places for the safe-keeping of grain and other commodities. Receipts came to be used for transfers not only to the original depositors but also to third parties. Eventually, private houses also got involved in these banking operations and laws regulating them were included in the code of Hammurabi. Those receipts were the first paper money. Paper money has always been representative of something of value, a token completely devoid of any intrinsic value of its own. A person would exchange a receipt for grain on deposit in exchange for goods or services. Historically, it was a barter system. The receipt could be “cashed in” – and that is what gave it value…Banks served as guarantors; they attested to the fact the monetary unit was in fact a representation of real wealth stored by them on deposit. Therefore, any person holding a receipt for a measure of wealth could have confidence that receipt would be exchanged on demand for the wealth it represented.”

Now remember, James’ prophetic outburst in those six verses of Chapter Five are accusing a rich cartel of paying the laborers with “fraudulent wages.” It stands that the rich cartel would have to be, by necessity, a banking cartel, since money is their invention. They control the money supply. James does not suggest that the laborers are not being paid, rather they are being paid with “fraudulent wages.” It is not the laborers who are crying out, it is “the wages of the laborers” in James’ prophecy crying out, “Fraud!” The wages being paid in money which is in all actuality a certificate designed to represent something of real value stored away in a vault someplace.

Mr. Ford continues, “In medieval societies, the receiver of deposits of wealth was usually the local goldsmith. By virtue of his trade, he was in the best position to guard the wealth of the community. Gold and silver were locked away in his vault, and a warehouse receipt was issued. The goldsmith would charge a small fee for storing the wealth which was deducted before the receipt was issued. The receipt was redeemable at its face value on demand. The community’s confidence in the value of the receipt was directly related to their confidence in the integrity of the issuer. As deposits grew, greater numbers of transactions were completed by the exchange of these warehouse receipts. They became “as good as gold.” The keepers of the gold noticed that the gold in storage remained more or less constant. As long as confidence in the receipts remained high, there was always more gold in the vault than there were receipts presented for payment. The goldsmith cold safely issue more receipts for
gold than the amount on deposit – in effect, creating money out of nothing. The effect was that each fraudulent receipt (emphasis not included in Mr. Ford’s writing) reduced the value of the gold on deposit by the amount of the bogus receipt issued. But as long as there wasn’t a “run on the bank” – that is, as long as everybody didn’t show up at the same time, the thefts would remain undiscovered.”

Notice, as you read Mr. Ford’s historical account, you get the feeling of a white-collar crime being perpetrated. Step by step the methods are created to deceive and defraud those using the goldsmith’s vaults, who trust in the true value of their receipts. As this history lesson continues, the ability to get away with it becomes so apparent as the goldsmiths found still another way to increase their debauchery.

Mr. Ford, “Our goldsmiths branched out into the loan business, following the same principle. They would lend gold, in the form of paper receipts, at interest, and take title to real property as collateral. The gold they lent was not theirs, it was the property of the depositors. Provided there was enough gold to cover any receipts presented for payment, there was no problem. This laid the foundation of a fractional reserve monetary system, and our goldsmiths became bankers. Bankers created money out of nothing in the form of loans against which victims pledged real property. If the loan was repaid, the banker reaped a profit from money that did not exist in the form of interest. If the loan went into default, the banker took possession of real wealth by writing off as a loss money that didn’t exist in the first place!”

“Here’s an illustration of the flaw inherent in fractional reserve banking. Our goldsmith is holding $50 worth of gold for two citizens, Fred and Bill. So the two receipts form the total number of “dollars” in circulation. Suppose Fred wanted to buy a piece of land from Bill. Bill wants $100 for it. Fred only has $50. Fred returns to the goldsmith for a $100 loan. Fred agrees to repay it at 10 percent interest in equal installments over 30 years. That works out to…$316.81. Like all mortgages, by the time Fred pays it off, the land cost him three times what it was worth. But notice something else. The total dollars in circulation is $200. But Fred is obligated to pay back $316.81. If Fred fails to repay the loan, the goldsmith then takes possession of Fred’s land, writing off the “bad debt” in the process. Multiply this transaction many times, and you have just invented banking.”

As Cliff Ford shows us, banking is a process of creating money out of nothing in the banker’s pocket, using others who have entrusted their wealth to the bank. But it is the goldsmith who got all of the profits from the loans repaid, as well as the ability to take over the real wealth, the possession of real property, should the loan be in default. The banker is taking no risk of his own, rather he is risking the wealth of others who have placed money on deposit. By loaning out the money on deposit by others, he is actually placing them at risk. This has been
proven in the past when a run on a bank occurred and the depositors found that their wealth wasn’t actually there for them to withdraw. In the 1980’s we saw the banking and savings and loan scandals, as the taxpayers had to bail out billions of dollars in failed institutions. Yet we saw no organized outcry from the taxpayers, who to this day feel helplessly caught in the financial system which eats up a large portion of their earned income in increasingly more taxes. In fact, most people fell for the idea that the FDIC insured their deposit, guaranteeing them the safe return of their money once the bank or savings and loan failed. The problem with that reasoning is that the FDIC is a debt against your future taxes, so the bank in reality risked either your deposited money, or else they are risking your having to fork up more taxes from your hard earned income should they get caught with more money loaned out than you and the other depositors collectively had left on deposit with their bank.

Go To Now Ye Rich Men

As James begins his prophetic proclamation, he declares, James 5:1 “Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl for your miseries that shall come upon you.”

We cannot therefore deal with this prophecy without specifically addressing the cartel, the conglomeration of rich men, who have this prophetic woe pronounced upon them. To address them we would obviously have to first find them and identify them. That is the main purpose of this chapter.

Perhaps you may have heard of the Rothschilds of Europe. It is interesting that they enter the picture predominately at the same time that our nation, the United States of America was being founded. They are thought of as a family. But in reality they are a banking cartel. The head of the Rothschild family created a banking cartel when his name was yet Bauer. His goldsmith/banking business used a red shield as its logo. In German, it is Rothschild. Mr. Bauer formed his banking cartel under the name Rothschild or “Red Shield.” He then changed the family name from Bauer to Rothschild, however, Rothschild, in relation to its immense world wide financial influence, consists not of the Rothschilds as a family, but rather as a huge banking cartel. It has since become the richest and most powerful group in the world, so rich, so far above any other person or entity, that they are left out of accounting for their riches. They never make the list of the wealthiest people or business entity. They are so far above those making the popular lists, they have basically become invisible. Today, as we will see, they control the financial powers of every civilized nation on the face of the earth.
No money circulates without the Rothschild’s receiving a royalty payment from it. All of the central banks of the world, including the Federal Reserve of the United States are owned and controlled by them. The United States Treasury, when it wants to issue more currency into our system, must borrow its own currency from them, money that costs the Rothschild controlled Federal Reserve Central Bank nothing to print, as they have the power to demand our government printing presses to print the money from which they pay for the currency that is being created by them. Then they ask our government to issue them bonds, backed by the personal estates of the United States taxpayers, that they may hold on demand for the currency which they created and loaned to our treasury department. Ahh – It really gets confusing doesn’t it? Believe me when I say that they count on it being so confusing that no one will want to even show interest in the process. They count on ignorance of the masses to continue bilking the workers and wage earners of all nations out of the real wealth created by their labor. I believe that God is saying to the Body of Christ, “it’s time to wake up!” I believe it is time to arise, shine, for the light is come! It is time for the wealth of the wicked, evil Gentile world to come to the righteous who favor God’s righteous cause.

Cliff Ford explains further, “Two hundred and twenty plus years ago, the British Crown made a power grab, hoping to take control of the largest emerging free market in the world at that time. The original thirteen colonies founded by English settlers had grown beyond the wildest dreams of even the most optimistic investors in the New World. The potential wealth was enormous, but the settlers wanted to control that wealth themselves. England was prepared to be accommodating, until Benjamin Franklin announced the colonists’ plan to created their own central bank of issue. The American War for Independence began, therefore, not so much over political self-determination, as over who would control that wealth.

The Red Shield

“The British Crown arranged through Mayer Amshel Bauer to purchase an army of mercenary soldiers, the Hessians, to fight on the British side. The Americans won, the British lost, but Mayer Amshel Bauer learned an important lesson. It doesn’t matter who wins or loses. Wars cost money, and there are big profits to be made. Mayer Amshel Bauer changed his last name to “Rothschild” after the red shield on the door of the [goldsmith/banking] house he shared with the Schiff family in Frankfurt, Germany. By 1812, Rothschild was worth one billion francs. His five sons founded banks in Paris, London, Austria, and Germany. The third son, Nathan, was soon the most powerful banker in England. By 1812, he was the undisputed head of the Bank of England. To England, the outcome of the Napoleonic War was critical both politically and economically. Nobody recognized that more clearly than Nathan Rothschild. If Napoleon won, England’s economic woes would be just beginning. England had borrowed huge sums of money for the prosecution of that war. England’s international prestige was on the line, as well as its bank balance. Her defeat would also mean she would be unable to pay off her huge debts, most of which were held by the Rothschild interests. If there was something big happening in the world of high finance, Nathan knew it first. And everybody knew it. It was
therefore not surprising that all eyes were on Rothschild on June 20, 1815. News had already reached England that Napoleon’s armies had begun massing for battle outside Waterloo two days before. But the outcome was still in question. In the early hours of June 20, 1815, an exhausted Rothschild courier named Rothworth gave Nathan the news. Victory was England’s, and, at that point, nobody else in England knew except Rothschild.

That Morning, Lord Rothschild took up his usual place by the pillar at the Exchange and began to sell. The “smart” money interpreted his move as confirmation that Napoleon had won, and that their British securities would soon be worthless. Everybody began to sell, and prices plummeted. Eventually, prices collapsed altogether. Rothschild made his move, reversing his call, and cornered the entire market in government bonds. In a few hours, he had accumulated the bulk of England’s entire debt for a tiny fraction of its value. All five sons recognized that big money came not from home equity loans but from loaning money to governments. Nathan’s first big loan to the British government came in 1819, a loan worth $60 million. Over the next 12 years, he loaned the Crown another $105,400,000. All told, by 1836, the Crown was in hock to Nathan Meyer Rothschild to the tune of $700 million—an enormous sum at that time. All five Rothschild banks prospered as bankers to the crowned heads of Europe. The New York Times wrote: ‘The Rothschilds were the servants of money who undertook to reconstruct the world as an image of money and its functions. We know longer have nations, but economic provinces.’ The power such wealth could buy was so great that another New York paper was of the opinion that, ‘The Kaiser had to consult Rothschild to find out whether or not he could declare war.”

“After the American Revolution, the European Houses of Rothschild saw an opportunity to seize control of the emerging United States. As Nathan Rothschild observed at the time, ‘Give me control of a nation’s currency, and I care not who makes its laws.’ There were a couple of problems, however. The US Constitution put complete control of the nation’s currency in the hands of Congress and made no provision for Congress to delegate that authority. It had been established a basic currency unit, the dollar. The Currency Act of 1792 (which has never been repealed) defines a dollar as 412.5 grains of 9/10s fine silver. Consequently, a Federal Reserve note is not a dollar in lawful US money.”

“The Constitutional provisions were designed to keep the American money supply out of the hands of the banking industry. The Bank of England (Rothschild) made several attempts to usurp control of the US money supply. The First Bank of the United States was charted by the Rothschild Bank of England in 1791 to finance the war debt of the Revolutionary War. It was abolished by Congress in 1811. Along came the War of 1812, followed by the Second Bank of the United States, also chartered by the Rothschild Bank of England to carry the American war debt. When its charter expired in 1836, President Andrew Jackson refused to renew it, say a central bank concentrated too much power in the hand of unelected bankers. The Rothschild Bank of England immediately divested itself of all its American holdings. Rothschild instituted a two-stage plan. First, he issued an order to extend almost unlimited credit for good security, placing plenty of money into circulation. When just about everybody of any financial standing
was mortgaged to the hilt, orders were issued to restrict credit, call in outstanding loans, and reduce the overall money supply. By refusing credit to American notes and stocks, the Bank of England caused a financial panic, known to history as the Panic of 1837. This depression enabled this small group of European owners of the Bank of the United States, a private corporation, to buy up depreciated stocks for just pennies on the dollar.”

**Connecting The Dots Of Ye Rich Men**

A few privileged banking families always seemed to have their holdings somewhere else when an ill wind was blowing their way. One of the most “fortunate” families was the House of Morgan.

Clifford writes, “The House of Morgan was actually founded by an American named George Peabody. In 1837, he made a trip to England to try to round up investors for the Chesapeake Ohio Canal project. He didn’t receive a very warm welcome among most British investment houses. Soon after he arrived in London, Peabody was summoned to an audience with Baron Nathan Meyer Rothschild. Rothschild recognized he was not entirely popular with London’s aristocracy and proposed that Peabody be established as his proxy to represent his interests. Rothschild backed Peabody financially in return for a promise that Peabody would serve as one of the House of Rothschild’s most important agents.”

Ford continues, “In 1850, George Peabody met Junius P. Morgan at a London dinner party. Morgan impressed Peabody immediately, and Peabody began to take an interest in young Morgan’s background. The meeting resulted in a relationship that brought Morgan into the firm as a full partner in 1854, and the firm soon became known as Peabody, Morgan, and Company. Ten years later, Peabody retired, and the firm immediately began doing business as J.P. Morgan and Company. His son, John Pierpont Morgan, was educated in European schools of higher education to round out his background. John Pierpont Morgan excelled in his father’s business, branching out the family firm, eventually setting up a New York branch in partnership with Anthony Drexel of Philadelphia. Drexel, Morgan, and Company did business from 1871 to 1895. When Drexel died in 1895, the firm of J.P. Morgan & Company of New York brought the House of Morgan full circle from London to New York – a thoroughly American banking firm.

During the Wall Street Panic of 1857, many US buyers were unable to pay their bills, and Morgan was expected to make good on their guarantees. Peabody and Morgan didn’t have the money, either, but they knew where they could get it. According to Stanley Jackson’s biography of J.P. Morgan: ‘the clouds lifted dramatically when the Bank of England announced a loan to Peabody of 800,000 pounds, at very reasonable interest, with the promise of further funds up to a million sterling if and when required. It was a remarkable vote of confidence as Thomas
Hankey, governor of the Bank of England, had already rejected similar appeals from various other American firms who did not measure up to his standards. ‘Those ‘standards’ included the direct support of the House of Rothschild, to whom such sums were mere pocket change.’

This is representative of the manner in which the banking elite of the Federal Reserve owe their allegiances to the London banking establishment backed by the House of Rothschild. Brown Brothers (now Brown Brothers-Harriman) was also a creation of the Rothschild European interests in 1835. The Rothschild European banks financed many other American dynasties, becoming the real power behind the Rockefeller family and “Americanized” European banking houses like Kuhn, Loeb Co, J.M. Schroeder, Jacob Schiff, etc.

It is important to remember that the US was founded under a barter system similar to that of ancient times. A dollar was a weight of silver. Two dollars were twice that amount in weight. A $20 gold coin weighed twice as much as a $10 gold coin. And inflation was impossible, because you could not create money out of nothing. There was no substitute for gold and silver coin. Prices remained as constant as the money supply.

Mr. Ford writes, “Bankers didn’t care much for this system, so they began issuing their own scrip – receipts for gold on deposit, just like the goldsmiths of old. Bankers got rich under the credit system they created. The government did not, due to the honest nature of the barter system. The banking establishment made several attempts to create a central banking system in the United States, but the US officially remained on a gold-backed barter economy for 137 years, until 1913, when the Federal Reserve was created.

The Creature From Jekyll Island

The Fed is a privately owned banking system run for profit. It is not a government agency. Its officers are not government officials. The Federal Reserve Act replaced the American barter economy with that of a fractional reserve – the same system used by our goldsmith to create money out of nothing, using that ‘phantom’ money to expropriate real property.

Federal Reserve Notes replaced “Certificates of Deposit” of gold and silver. Originally, the notes were IOU. A holder of a Federal Reserve Note could demand payment from the US Treasury in “lawful money” of the United States – silver and gold coin. The Crash of ’29 changed
all of that when the demand for redemption of the Federal Reserve Notes exceeded the supply of silver and Gold. You will recall that the goldsmiths were safe so long as their was not a run on their supply with “receipts” being cashed in. The Banking Reform Act of 1933 was in reality a bankruptcy admission by the United States. The former Republic of the United States of America was officially replaced by the Corporation of the United States. The European family, privately owned, Federal Reserve demanded the US surrender its gold. The government demanded all citizens turn over their gold coins in return for Federal Reserve Notes, and private ownership of gold became a crime punishable by ten years and $10,000 fine.

The Secretary of the Treasury is not a government employee, but an employee of the bankruptcy trustees – the privately owned Federal Reserve Banks. This is a matter of historical record; check it out for yourself.

Cliff Ford states, “The United States, in order to stay in business, pledged its collateral – the property and income of its citizens – in exchange for loans to keep the country running. The National Debt is the accrued interest due on these loans.”

Paul Warburg was the first and founding governor of the Federal Reserve. In 1910, working with Senator Nelson Aldrich (maternal grandfather of the Rockefeller family) began writing the Federal Reserve Act. The Act was put before the House on December 23, 1913 (when most opposing members of congress were home for Christmas), and it was signed into law immediately.

After the vote, Congressman Charles Lindbergh told Congress: “This act establishes the most gigantic trust on earth...when the President signs this act, the invisible government by the money power, proven to exist by the Money Trust Investigation of Congress, will be legalized...the new law will create inflation whenever the trusts want inflation.”

President Woodrow Wilson signed the Federal Reserve Act into law. He was later to state:

“I am a most unhappy man. I have unwittingly ruined my country. A great industrial nation is controlled by its system of credit. Our system of credit is concentrated. The growth of the nation, therefore, and all our activities are in the hands of a few men. We have come to be one of the worst ruled, one of the
most completely controlled and dominated Governments in the civilized world – no longer a Government by free opinion, no longer a Government by conviction and the vote of the majority, but a Government by the opinion and duress of a small group of dominant men.”

A dollar was no longer a unit of measurement. Instead, it became the thing it was supposed to measure, like trying to turn a quart into milk. The Federal Reserve System, a private banking system, belongs to its stockholders, who are not the American people. The only stockholders in the Fed are chartered private banks. All the main stockholders in the current Fed are owned, dominated, and controlled by the banking families of Europe.

Paul Warburg, the first governor of the Fed became a naturalized US citizen. Now pay attention here – this is a matter of historical record, as incredible as it may sound! While Paul Warburg headed the US Federal Reserve, his brother Max headed the German Secret Service. During World War I, both sides were ably represented by members of the Warburg family. You might pause to consider that, with the Fed being in New York, perhaps this apparent conflict of interest would be picked up by the newspapers. After all, the New York Times built its reputation on investigative journalism. But they somehow missed the story! Perhaps it was due to the fact that the New York Times, during World War I, was owned by Warburg, Kuhn and Loeb! Conspiracy? You decide!

To make the mix even more interesting, consider that another Warburg brother served as commercial attaché in Stockholm, a traditional listening post for warring nations. And Warburg partner Sir William Wiseman headed the British Secret Service during the same period that Max Warburg headed up the German Secret Service.

Still not convinced of an international banking cartel conspiracy? Let’s add this bit of information. The Schiff Brothers financed the German war effort. Another partner, Bernard Baruch, was chairman of the War Industries Board. Another key banking insider, Eugene Meyer, financed the war as chairman of the War Finance Corporation. When the war was over, they all met to sign the Treaty of Versailles. Baruch headed the War Reparations Board; Max Warburg represented German at the signing; and Paul Warburg served as advisor to President Wilson. Cliff Ford offers this observation: “Cozy, isn’t it?”

So how do we now connect the dots to find “Ye Rich Men” as spoken of in James, chapter five? Through a series of mergers and “acquisitions,” the Warburgs, Schiffs, Morgans, et al., control giant stock investment banking firms. There are few people who have never heard
of Morgan-Stanley or one of its affiliates. J.P. Morgan Bank, only recently, acquired Bank One, one of the largest banks in the United States. Warburg Bank (now SBC Warbug) announced, in August 1997 its intention to expand its operations more deeply in the US, Japan, and Russia. A listing of the majority stock brokerage houses of the world read like a “family tree” with a dozen or so names broken up, all intertwined into various combinations. The same names appear as stockholders in the Federal Reserve, investment banking houses, the board of governors of the Central Banks of Europe, and so on. The roster of the new European Commission reads like a European Bankers’ reunion.

Every year, the United States borrows its operating capital from the Federal Reserve at interest. Like the goldsmiths of old, for many years, the Fed created that money out of nothing by issuing fraudulent receipts (Federal Reserve Notes) for gold it claimed to have in reserve. Except the gold disappeared. Most of it ended up in the hands of European banking houses that own the American banks who are the principal stockholders in the Federal Reserve.

Again, referring to Clifford, “The principal stockholders in the twelve Federal Reserve Banks, either directly or through their various interlocking directorates, are:

1. Rothschild Bank of London
2. Warburg Bank of Hamburg
3. Rothschild Bank of Berlin
4. Lehman Brother of New York
5. Lazard Brothers of Paris
7. Israel Moses Seif Banks of Italy
8. Goldman, Sachs of New York
9. Warburg Bank of Amsterdam
10. Chase Manhattan Bank of New York (Rockefeller)”

Resting on the bedrock of Manhattan Island, 80 feet below street level, is the world’s largest known accumulation of gold. The gold vault of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York attracts more than 22,000 visitors a year. The bank does not own the gold; it serves at its custodian. Almost all of the gold bars or bullion belongs to foreign Central Banks and international monetary organizations controlled by the Rothschild dynasty and its various agent banks and investment houses.
Cliff Ford informs us, “Shortly after the assassination of President Kennedy, a new Federal Reserve Note was issued. Some conspiracists might point to the fact that President Kennedy ordered, by executive order, the abolition of debit-based fiat money. Immediately thereafter, he was assassinated. The inconsistencies surrounding his death remain unresolved almost a half century later. Draw any conclusion you wish, but immediately following the assassination, President Johnson cancelled the order. Prior to Kennedy’s death, all Federal Reserve Notes promised to ‘pay to the bearer on demand, $XX in lawful United States money.’ After 1963, ‘lawful United States money’ underwent a silent and illegal transformation. In his book, The Creature from Jekyll Island: Some years ago, a Mr. A.F. Davis mailed a $10 Federal Reserve Note to the Treasury Department. In his letter, he called attention to the inscription on the bill which said it was redeemable in ‘lawful money’ and then requested that such money be sent to him. In reply, the Treasury merely sent him two $5 bills from a different printing series bearing a similar promise to pay.’ Lawful US money is silver and gold coin. It was defined rather specifically, as we have already seen by the currency Act of 1792. That promise disappeared in 1964. Our currency no longer contains a promise to pay; instead they themselves claim to be money. Today the legend reads, ‘This note is legal tender, for all debts, public and private.’ Remember, a ‘dollar’ is a measure of a specific weight of silver (412.5 grains of 9/10s fine silver). Take away the silver or its equivalent in gold, and a dollar is a measure of an unspecified weight of nothing!”

Still Connecting The Dots

Who really is in control of the new Corporation of the United States which replaced the original Republic of The United States of America?

In 1933, President Roosevelt issued the following Executive Orders; EO6073, EO6102 and EO6111. These Executive Orders were in fact an admission of bankruptcy of the original Republic. Then, on April 5, 1933, President Roosevelt issued Executive Order EO6260. The Executive Order proclaimed:

“All persons are required to deliver, on or before May 1, 1933, all gold coins, gold bullion, and gold certificates now owned by them to a Federal Reserve Bank, branch or agency, or to any member bank of the Federal Reserve System.”

This Executive Order established that any American citizen holding onto any gold would become an enemy of the new Corporation of the United States. Hard to believe isn’t it? The American citizens had no choice but to obey. To do otherwise would have required anarchy and
rebellion against our government. Most of us who know the history of “Old Glory,” think that we trace our national flag back to Betsy Ross. However, the new Corporation even issued a new flag symbolizing its conquest by the international money cartel. In any courthouse or post office, that flag is on display. We see it in official photographs of our President. The gold fringe around that official flag is not decoration. It is the flag unique to the new Corporation of the United States. “Old Glory” had no such fringe! No previous flag bore such a gold trim. The gold trim officially represents the country’s new owners, the holders of the gold, the European Banking and Investment firms all owned or directly controlled by the Rothschild dynasty. Congress officially confirmed the bankruptcy of the Untied States of America under House Joint Resolution 192. It was passed during the first Session of the 73rd Congress. In 1968, President Johnson issued another Executive Order that made the takeover complete and absolute. That EO removed all silver backing from our currency. Silver was removed from official US coins and a cheaper substitute metal took its place. Without silver, the dollar is valueless, and the United States of America became utterly insolvent, operating exclusively now as the Corporation of the United States.

To further understand who the new trustees of our republic are, it is necessary to complete our mission of “connecting of the dots.”

Have you ever noticed that Fed Chairman Greenspan never comes to the Congress to ask them for anything. Rather, he comes to inform them of the decisions of the Federal Reserve Board. While he goes through the courtesy of appearing and “testifying” before congress, they have no power to force him to do so, nor do they have any power over him. He shows up and apart from any elected official, tells the government what the fiscal policy will be! Simply put, he represents an aristocracy which has the power to “dictate” policy to the elected officials of our government. Have you ever thought about that or wondered why he has that kind of power? It is because his bosses, the European family owned Federal Reserve Bank now serves as the sole trustee of our nation.

Cliffordord writes, “As we’ve seen, the Federal Reserve is largely controlled by its principle stockholders. The largest stockholders in the Fed are the Rothschild Banks of London and Berlin. Nathan Meyer Rothschild began developing an American version of his European dynasty by recruiting, training and underwriting international bankers like Paul Warburg. Under Rothschild tutelage, the great banking houses of both Europe and America developed, thrived and intermarried into a kind of financial royalty. There were several branches of this ‘family’ which has grown, as families do, by generation, until it is almost impossible to separate each from the other. The Rothschild Banks nurtured and promoted the J. Henry Schroeder Bank family. Over the generations, J. Henry Schroeder and Sons began Paul Warburg, Kuhn, Loeb and Company, who through a series of strategic intermarriages within the ‘royal family’ saw the creation of some of the largest banking fortunes in America. The European parent banks have grown in power and influence in this country while still remaining well in the shadows. This particular branch of the ‘family’ today controls the voting stock in Fed shareholders such as the National
Bank of commerce of New York, Hanover National Bank and Chase Manhattan Bank, among others. J. Henry Schroeder Trust Company, New York’s influence in American politics, includes seeing two of its former directors, John Foster Dulles and Allen Dulles, respectively, occupy the seats of US Secretary of State and Director of the CIA. Schroeders Banking family was instrumental in bringing along a young, globetrotting financier, Herbert Hoover. Hoover, who lived abroad for most of his life, was tapped by the Rothschild dynasty as a candidate for President of the United States at a time when his only American address was the office of J.M. Schroeder Bank of New York. The home office branch of J.M Schroeder Bank served as Hitler’s personal bankers during the years up to and including all of World War II.”

Follow The Dots Carefully

“In early 1933, Schroeder Bank was represented by two American lawyers in a meeting with Adolf Hitler. Hitler needed money to finance his army of Brownshirts, and the bank wanted to see the power of labor unions diminished. A deal was cut, the financing was arranged, and the two American lawyers obtained the necessary contracts. Those two American lawyers were John Foster Dulles and his brother, Allen Dulles.

Continuing with the “connection of the dots,” other familiar names in the banking and investment industry whose earliest incarnations were born under the Rothschild wing include Brown Brothers Harriman, J.P. Morgan, Morgan-Stanely, Guaranty Trust, Drexel Burnham Lambert, M.M. Warburg and Lehman Brothers. Together, they control the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, National City Bank and Hanover National Bank. Former Chairman of J. Henry Schroeder Bank, Sir Gordon Richardson was appointed in 1973 as governor of the Bank of England, an unabashed Rothschild property for over 200 years. Through this series of interlocking directorates, the corporate and banking influence of the European house of banking under the Rothschild dynasty is complete and almost unbelievable. As we have already discussed, this influence is so pervasive that most people will find it stretches the limits of credulity. And that, remember, is their greatest strength.

Let’s Connect One More Dot

John D. Rockefeller was the patriarch of this most influential of families. Old John D. discovered the politics of oil. He made his fortune drilling for oil, founded Standard Oil, and dedicated the rest of his life to acquiring everything else he could make a deal for. But early in his career, he came to the attention of the Rothschild group in London.
Clifford Ford narrates, “He received his early financing for his empire from the National City Bank of Cleveland. NCB Cleveland was identified by Congressional investigators as one of three principle Rothschild banks operating in the United States at that time. Using his ‘seed money’ from NCB Cleveland, Rockefeller set out to earn his title as the country’s ‘robber baron.’ Old John D. crushed anything, or anyone who got in his way, including competitors, labor unions and attempts at regulatory legislation. Today, The Rockefeller Oil Trust, in its various guises, forms the backbone of the so-called ‘military industrial complex.’ The Rockefeller Medical Monopoly has afforded virtual control of the health care industry, while the Rockefeller Foundation has a stranglehold on the religious and educational facets of this nation, through its endowments of Public Broadcasting and specific ‘nondenominational’ religious programming. The contributions made directly by the various Rockefeller companies, provided Hitler with all the money and material he needed to plunge the world into war. That war made huge sums of money for the ‘military industrial complex’ of both sides. When the war was over, and the dust had cleared, there were plenty of national IOU’s. There were also plenty of people who owed favors to the Rockefeller family.”

Chief among them was David Rockefeller. John D. founded the CFR. Later David founded the Trilateral Commission. Together the CFR and the Trilateral Commission was instrumental in the establishment of the United Nations. The land and money for the building of the UN was donated by the Rockefeller Foundation.

Today, the Rothschild Bank of England holds the largest amount of US debt. But the same names that we have seen as the owners of the Federal Reserve and the Central Banks of Europe also are posted as the chief controllers of the World Bank and the IMF, which now also hold control of Japan through its loans in the 1990’s to bail the banking industry of that nation out of economic chaos. In exchange for IMF loans, the World Bank required the Central Bank of Japan, and more recently several other nations, to give it control of their local banking establishments within the country. Now, in almost every major civilized country, the Rothschild dynasty stands as the major controlling financial influence over the world banking community, putting them in control of the currencies of the world. No wonder Nathan Meyer Rothschild is quoted as saying, “Give me control of the currency of a nation, and I care not who makes its laws.” I think we have found what the purpose of the James 5:1-6 Anomaly, “Go to now ye rich men, weep and howl for your miseries that shall come upon you.”